



Column Care and Usage

Catalog Number:

1100-0

Column Type:

BP-100 H⁺, Hydrogen Form for Carbohydrate Analysis

The following information will help you achieve optimal column performance.

➤ Eluents

Using an isocratic system, the mobile phase would be de-ionized water. Column performance and life is greatly affected by the composition of the mobile phase. As a result, only the highest grade, pre-filtered, degassed mobile phases should be used for HPLC applications. All mobile phases should be filtered (0.45 µm or smaller) and degassed prior to use.

> Selectivity

Selectivity is normally controlled by changing column type as opposed to changing eluent. Retention times increase in the following sequence: Pb⁺⁺ > Ca⁺⁺ > Ag⁺ > Na⁺ > H⁺. Retention times of polar samples may be increased and non-polar interactions reduced with the addition of organic solvents. However, due to low cross-linking of the resin, Benson Polymeric does not recommend the use of organic solvents. If your application calls for the addition of organic solvents, please contact the company for assistance.

> Temperature

For best overall separation of carbohydrates, ambient to 85°C is the recommended operating temperature range. ALWAYS, preheat the column and stabilize the temperature prior to pumping mobile phase.

> Sample Preparation

Samples may contain precipitates or other contaminates such as metal compounds which bind with the resin. contaminates change the column chemistry, resulting in a decrease in the effective surface area of the column and decreasing sample retention. To provide maximum protection for the analytical column, use a guard column and pre-filter all samples through a 0.45 µm or smaller filter membrane prior to injection. Compounds which may bind irreversibly with the resins should be removed using solid phase extraction (SPE)

➤ General Operating Conditions

Max. Pressure (psi): 1500 Max. Temperature (°C): 90 1.2 at 90°C Max. Flow Rate (ml/min):

> Column Storage

Columns may be stored in the recommended eluent for several days. Long term storage should be in de-ionized water. Storage in other mobile phases may support bacterial growth leading to reduced capacity and/or high back pressure. Do not let the columns dry out. Replace and tighten end plugs when storing. Columns may be refrigerated but do not freeze.

> Cleaning and Regeneration

Metal contamination is indicated by shortened retention times and/or skewed peaks. Carbohydrate columns in the hydrogen form should be pumped in reverse flow mode at 0.1mL/min., with 0.1M H₂ SO₄ at a temperature of 25°C for 4-6 hours.

To remove organic contamination, pump the columns in reverse flow at 0.1mL/min. with 5/95 acetonitrile/water at 25°C for 4 hours.

No regeneration procedure is available if the column has bacterial growth.

> Other Related Products

| Part Number | <u>Description</u> | <u>Dimensions</u> |
|-------------|---|-------------------|
| 1100-2 | BP-100 H+ Guard | 50 x 4.6 mm |
| 1110-0 | BP-100 H+ | 150 x 7.8 mm |
| 1120-0 | BP-100 H+ | 150 x 4.6 mm |
| 3050-0 | \$ 50 Guard Column Re-packing Discount | |
| 3100-0 | \$100 Analytical Column Re-packing Discount | |

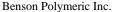
Other column formats available upon request

➤ Thank You

Thank you for purchasing a Benson Polymeric column. With over 40 years of experience in resin manufacturing, column packing and applications development, we are highly qualified to assist you in achieving optimum chromatographic results. As a customer you deserve the highest quality products and service available in the

Don't forget to visit us at our web site at: www.bensonpolymeric.com

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